Year 2 Green Autumn 1: What Happened in London in 1666?

School value: Initiative— know when to 'just get on and do', showing we can organise ourselves and be independent

Topic Sticky Knowledge				
History	The Great Fire of London started on Sunday 2nd September 1666. Fires which were used for baking had not been put out properly in a place called Pudding Lane.			
	In 1666, the buildings in London were made of wood and straw and they were very close together, making it easy for the flames to spread. It had also been a dry summer, so the buildings were dry. Strong winds were blowing, which helped the flames to spread.			
	People used leather buckets and water squirts to try to put the fire out, but these did not work. Later in the week, King Charles II ordered buildings to be pulled down to stop the flames from spreading.			
	By Thursday 6th September, the wind had died down. This meant that people were able to put out the flames.			
	We know a lot about the great fire as a result of reading the diaries of Samuel Pepys.			
Geography	London is a very large city with over 8 million people living there. It lies on both sides of the River Thames.			
	London has grown over many years and contains many recognisable British landmarks such as St. Paul's Cathedral.			
D&T	Toy cars and real cars use mechanisms to move. On a toy car the wheel is usually fixed to the axle, which means the wheel and axle will spin.			
	A Ferris Wheel is one example of a wheel and axle mechanism in action. Normally, Ferris Wheels are fixed to the axle. Force is applied to the axle which makes it spin. This makes the giant wheel spin too.			

Topic Vocabulary					
History	Diary	A personal record of someone's life events that is usually written in the order that things happened.			
	Eye-witness	A person who has seen something and can give a description of it.			
	Timeline	The order in which things happened.			
	Chronological Order	Listing events in the order that they happened.			
	Evidence	Proof of what happened. This could be diaries, accounts, drawings or an eye-witness account.			
Geography	River Thames	A river that runs through London. Many people escaped the fire by boarding boats. It is the 2 nd longest river in the United Kingdom.			
	London	The capital city of England, in the United Kingdom.			
	Landmark	A well-known object or feature which is well known in the area and might represent that place.			
D&T	Axle	A rod on which one or more wheels can rotate, either freely or be fixed to and turn with the axle.			
	Waterproof	Something that doesn't get damaged or wet by water such as plastic.			
	Chassis	The body of the car			
	Mechanism	Parts of an object that move together to make something work			

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Stand-Alone Sticky Knowledge				
RE	Jesus summed up the 10 commandments from the Old Testament into two commandments.			
	The two commandments were: 'Love the Lord your God with all your heart and with all your soul and with all your mind and with all your strength.' 'Love your neighbour as yourself.'			
	Jesus then gave examples of parables and acted in a way to help people around him understand this.			
	The parable of the Good Samaritan told Jesus' followers how to help people even if they are different or not liked.			
Music	We can create rhythms from words, our names, favourite food, colours and animals. These are different from the steady pulse.			
	We add high and low sounds, pitch, when we sing and play our instruments.			
Computing	Search results can sometimes be confusing! You need to be specific with key words that you type in so that you get more specific results. The highest results have the most chance of being useful.			
	If you find something in a search that worries you, frightens you or does not seem like it should be seen by a child, you should always cover your screen and tell an adult immediately.			

Stand-Alone Vocabulary					
Computing	Filter	A filter stops access to things on the internet that could be upsetting or inappropriate.			
	Safe Search	A tool provided by search engines to remove inappropriate content from results.			
	Search Engine	A service that shows a list of Internet pages, ranking them in a way that is helpful to the user.			
	Wikipedia	An online encyclopaedia edited by its users.			
	Google	The main search engine that lots of people use.			
RE	Samaritan	A person from Samaria, a country near where Jesus was teaching.			
	Levite	A legal expert who would have known that the law said that he should help an injured person.			
	Pharisee	A strict Jew who adhered closely to the rules and scriptures.			
	Parables	Stories that Jesus told which helped his listeners understand what he was teaching them.			
Music	Pulse	The steady beat or heartbeat of a song/piece of music			
	Compose	Creating and developing your own music ideas and 'fixing' these			
	Improvise	To make up a tune and play it on the spot.			