Year 2 Green Autumn 2: Who Was Mary Seacole?
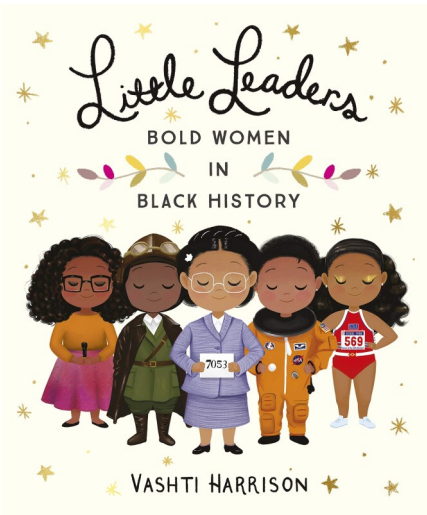
Sticky Knowledge

Mary Seacole was a nurse. She was born in Jamaica in 1805. Her mother was Jamaican and her father was Scottish. She died in Britain in 1881.

Mary Seacole wanted to join the nurses treating the soldiers injured in the Crimean war but the British government refused. So she paid for herself to go.

She set up the 'British Hotel' hospital 2 miles from the fighting for soldiers to receive food, drink and treatment. She would also travel to the front line, taking supplies and treating soldier s from both sides.

Florence Nightingale was a British nurse born in 1820 in Florence, Italy. She was the daughter of a rich family. She longed to be a nurse but her father wouldn't allow it as it was not a job that a lady would have. She eventually became a nurse in 1853.

Florence Nightingale is remembered for changing the way hospitals were run. She treated soldiers during the Crimean War. She became known as the lady with the lamp.

The Crimean war ended in 1856. Mary Seacole returned to England.

In 1860 Florence Nightingale set up her own nursing school.

Key Text

Little Leaders
BOLD WOMEN IN BLACK HISTORY
VASHTI HARRISON

Topic Vocabulary

Crimean War	A war between 1853 and 1856. Russia was on one side and Britain, France, the Ottoman Empire and Sardinia on the other.
Courageous	If you are a courageous person, you face danger or stand up against the odds without flinching.
Equality	Equality is about ensuring that every individual has an equal opportunity to make the most of their lives and talents.
Healthy	Keeping healthy means doing things that are good for your body – things like eating nutritious foods, exercising, brushing your teeth and getting enough sleep
Nutrition	Nutrition is the process by which the body nourishes itself by transforming food into energy and body tissues.
survival	Survive usually means to succeed in keeping alive against odds
hygiene	Taking care of our body by being clean and making sure we don't smell.