

Year 3 Blue Autumn 1: Where do the Romans Fit in Time?

Sticky Knowledge

The stone-age period is said to have started around 3 million year ago when humans started to live in Europe.

As the climate got warmer at the end of the second ice age, tribes of hunters and gatherers of food, who used simple stone tools and weapons, made their way into Britain. It was normal for them to move from place to place so they could find new resources.

These people left no literature, but they did leave many burial chambers, monuments and artifacts. Stone circles, Neolithic tombs and tools have been found all over the British Isles from the tip of Cornwall in the south to the very north of Scotland.

The stone-age was followed by the bronze-age period. This is when humans started to use metal

he bronze-age was followed by the iron-age when tools and weapons became more advanced and were used for farming.

During the Palaeolithic Age (old stone age), man gathered food by hunting wild animals and birds, fishing, and collecting fruits and nuts.

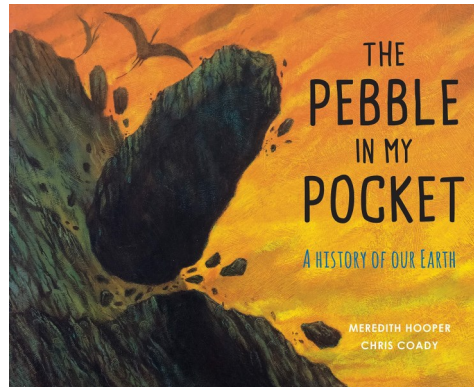
During the Neolithic Age (towards end of the stone-age), the humans formed settled communities, and domesticated plants and animals for the first time in history.

Farming quickly spread all across the British Isles. Land is cleared, wheat and barley planted, and herds of domesticated sheep, cattle, and pigs raised.

Skara Brae is an archaeological site found on the Orkney Islands in Scotland. It is a stone age village that has been well preserved.



Key Text



Topic Vocabulary

archaeologists

People who work out our history by looking at artefacts that have been found.

artefact

An object made by human beings, usually with historical or cultural interest.

Neolithic

Is the later part of the stone age and follows the Palaeolithic and Mesolithic age.

hunter-gatherers

People who mainly live by hunting, fishing and gathering wild fruit.

civilization

A group that lived during a period of time long ago.

settlement

A place where there were several stone age shelters, like a small village.

B.C.

Before Christ. A date like 250BC means 250 years before Christ was born.

chronology

The ordering of events, for example the stone, bronze and iron age.

tribal

Groups of people who live together.

shelter

A house where stone age people would have lived.

Prey

An animal that is hunted for its food.